

TUTORIAL 8. MATRICES

1. Prove that matrix multiplication is associative.
2. Prove that matrix multiplication is distributive with respect to matrix addition.
3. A square (i.e. $n \times n$) matrix A is said to be *symmetric* iff $A = A^T$. Is it true that multiplication of symmetric matrices is commutative?
4. Show that $(AB)^T = B^T A^T$.
5. Reduce the matrices to their row echelon and row canonical forms and find their ranks

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 7 & -3 & -6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 & 2 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 7 & -3 & 6 & 13 \end{bmatrix} \quad E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 & 8 & -2 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad F = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -7 \\ -6 & 1 \\ 5 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Show that for every two $n \times k$ matrices A and B , $\text{rank}(A+B) \leq \text{rank}(A) + \text{rank}(B)$.
7. Calculate the matrix AB .

$$\text{a. } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{b. } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{c. } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{d. } A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Use matrices to determine the dimension of W :
 - a. $W = \text{span}\{(1,2,3), (1,-1,2), (-1,4,-1)\}$
 - b. $W = \text{span}\{(3,1,2,1), (1,-1,1,2), (2,3,0,-3), (2,-1,1,2)\}$
 - c. $W = \text{span}\{(6,3,-5,3), (2,2,-2,1), (2,1,-1,1), (-8,-5,8,-4)\}$
 - d. $W = \text{span}\{(1,1,-1,0), (-2,-3,1,1), (-1,-3,2,1), (-4,-7,1,3)\}$
 - e. $W = \text{span}\{(-2,0,-2,0), (2,-3,2,2), (3,-6,3,4), (4,-9,4,6)\}$